

ONLY A MONTH TO EASTER
THE WISE ADVERTISER WILL
NOT DELAY, BUT WILL PRESS
HIS CLAIMS FOR A LION'S
SHARE OF THE SPRING TRADE.
THE GAZETTE CAN HELP YOU
OBTAIN THIS.

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 34

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1891.

HOW ABOUT SPRING TRADE?
THE SOONER YOU REACH FOR
IT THE BIGGER SHARE YOU WILL
GET. BARGAIN SEEKERS AT THE
COLUMNS OF THE GAZETTE
IS YOUR ADVERTISEMENT
THERE?

NUMBER 299

FORD.

IMPORTER,

DESIGNER

AND

MANUFACTURER.

Great Attractions in Our Trouser-
ing Department this Spring.

Trouserings,

Suitings,

Overcoatings,

In a Multitude

Of

Handsome

Patterns.

J. L. FORD

A GENUINE
CLOSING OUT SALE!

The first day of April I shall
remove to Minneapolis to
assume the management of
Browning, King & Co's.
branch store. Previous to
that date I have \$25,000
worth of CLOTHING and
Gents' Furnishing Goods to
close out. On Monday, Feb.
9th, I will commence to sell
this stock of goods at cost.
This is the best opportunity
that the people of Janes-
ville and Rock county have
ever had to buy Clothing
at a bargain. The stock is
too extensive to list, but it
includes everything in the
store, nothing reserved.

T. J. ZEIGLER.

Smiths Block, Janesville, Wis.

THE BEE HIVE

53 West Milwaukee street 53



Our Shoe Department

presents an array of bargains in all kinds of Shoes. We save you 25
cents or the dollar by buying our Shoes from us. Every pair is war-
ranted to you for price and quality.

WE OFFER AS A SPECIALTY

100 pairs fine bright Dongola buttoned, hand turned Shoes at \$1.95 a pair
98 pairs ladies French Dongola hand made Shoes at - - - 2.50 a pair
112 pairs ladies' extra fine French kid and Sewed Shoes at - 3.00 a pair
84 pairs gent's fine calf skin Shoes in any style at - - - 2.00 a pair
215 pairs child's goat spring heel - the greatest bargain - 50c pair

Also a bottle of Triple Extract Perfume with each pair of
Ladies' Shoes.

Also opportunity to anticipate your wants for first class goods at a great
saving to you.

THE BEE HIVE

FURS FREE!

With Every Plush Garment Bought at Our

Great

HALF PRICE.

CLOAK SALE WE GIVE

A SEAL MUFF Worth \$1.00, FREE.

LOOK INTO THIS OFFER IF INTERESTED.

ARRIVING DAILY.

Latest in Dress Goods and Trimmings.

White Goods, Embroideries,

Linens, Zephyr Gingham,

Domestic Gingham and Outing Cloths

New Spring Goods in all Departments.

ARCHIE REID.

LOOK HERE.

There never was a time when
we or any other real estate
concern in Janesville

Could show as large and as de-
sirable a lot of offerings in
city and Suburban

Acres property as our Books con-
tain at the present time.

TOBACCO

is moving at good prices, and the
nature of enquiring for tobacco
lands indicate a strong desire on the
part of the grower to own the land,
and there is wisdom in it. As the
judicious investments of the past
verify.

WE HAVE!

some bargains of this kind.

MONEY TO LOAN

Farms are selling too. What's
the matter of taking a look at them?
Always ready to show all sorts of
property.

Respectfully,

STEVENS & HOLLOWAY

Marble and Granite
MONUMENTS

I keep in stock a number of fine

Tombstones

Monuments!

Which can be bought at

A Better Bargain!

than can be made with any traveling man. I

also have a large number of the latest and best

designs and can furnish monuments in any style

or size desired.

Sure and Get My Prices!

before placing orders with traveling men, who

charge low when in competition with home

dealers, and charge two prices when they can

make a sale, without the customer looking else

where.

F. A. BENNETT

Corners of Wall and Franklin Sts., Janesville

A Round Silver Dollar!

FOR

75c.

CUT THIS OUT
AND CALL AT
THE MAGNET

And buy a dollar's worth of goods
for 75 cents.

OUR

Quarter Off Sale

Closes Saturday, Feb. 14, but this
offer is open until March 1st.
A copy of this Ad. presented
before March 1st secures the dis-
count. THE MAGNET.



FULL LINE OF

Baby Carriages

JUST OPENED AT

WHELOCK'S.

Handsome and cheaper than
ever this spring. See our \$5.00
Dinner Sets and China and Glass
ware just received from the factories

DIED IN THE WRECK.

The Richmond Accident a Se-
rious One.

FOUR PASSENGERS WERE KILLED.

Many Others Were Badly Hurt—Arthur
Reeves, a Well-Known Author and
Capitalist, Among the Dead—Cause
of the Accident.

RICHMOND, Ind., Feb. 26.—A terrible
accident occurred on the Richmond
division of the Pan-Handle road at
Hagerstown, 16 miles from the city, at
3:30 Wednesday afternoon, in which
four persons were killed, two seriously,
possibly fatally wounded, and a large
number more or less injured. It was
the fast train between Chicago and
Cincinnati, which was coming down a steep
grade into the town, when the framework
of the engine, No. 434, in charge of W. B.
Bartlett, engineer, and Noah Dunn,
fireman, broke and derailed every car.
However, they passed the station and
came to the canal bridge, where there
is a 15-foot fall, from the fatal acci-
dent, and where it came near pro-
ceeding even more terrible, as the cars caught
fire, but the fire was quickly extin-
guished. The smoker first turned on
its side and the day coach and parlor
car "Eugenia," the smoking compart-
ment of which contained all the killed,
breaking away from the smoking car,
but, holding on together, rolled over
twice in their descent of the embank-
ment. Meanwhile the derailed bag-
gage car had hung to the en-
gine and away beyond the other
cars struck a guard at the
road crossing, again "mounted" the
track and escaped almost uninjured;
but the engine, though holding the rail,
was about as badly wrecked as the
parlor car and day coach. In leaving
the track the cars tore down the tel-
egraph poles, and it was almost im-
possible to get accurate news of the acci-
dent until the trains arrived here with
a large number of people. The killed
were:
Arthur Reeves, author and capitalist, aged
38 years, unmarried; Otis F. Deul, engineer
of maintenance of way of the Pan-Handle
railroad, aged 23, unmarried; George S. Need-
ham, claim agent of the same road, aged 28,
married, with wife and two children; G. B.
Case, conductor, aged 30, married.
The injured are:
Mrs. George McGraw, Richmond, Ind., cut
about her head and body and severely bruised;
Mrs. J. C. Busin, Sacramento, Cal., cut over
left ear and serious contusion of chest; M. H.
Ellis, No. 412 West Front street, Cincinnati,
head and arms bruised and hurt; G. W. Web-
ster, Newport, Ky., porter Pullman car "Eu-
genia," left ankle dislocated and cut on fore-
head; — Staud, Chicago, grandchild of Mrs.
McGraw, badly bruised; John M. Edwards,
Richmond, Ind., hurt about the head; Adam
Steenhagen, Westville, O., cut on back at
head; Frank W. Eddy, Westfield, Mass., back
sprained; Miss Rota, Dayton,
O., right hand cut; Mrs. C. R.
Dudley, Dayton, sister of
conductor of the right shoulder; Mr. and Mrs.
Maj. Benson, Logansport, Ind., badly bruised;
Herbert and Earl Benson, children of above,
badly bruised; Mrs. Anna Engelbrecht, Lo-
gansport, Ind., and three children, bruised, not
serious; Henry Fox, Richmond, Ind., severe
scalp wound and contusion of spine; Asa
Keely, Richmond, had cut over left eye; T.
W. Gilpin, No. 25 West Fourth street, Phila-
delphia, cut on left forearm and internally in-
jured; John Crocker, Chicago, contusion of the
back and face; Charles Page, Richmond, cut
on head, injured about hips; E. E. Edmunds,
Troy, O., cut on head and finger broken;
Mrs. Susan Utzinger, Trenton, O., both
hands badly cut; Ophelia Evans, New
Ind., contusion of right arm; Dora Clark, New
Castle, contusion of head; Clifton Irwin, Mar-
tin's Ferry, O., right foot hurt; U. F. Stager,
Katon, O., right cheek bone broken and left
arm badly bruised; J. W. Kramer, brakeman,
Logansport, contusion of left arm, left leg
bruised and severe scalp wound; Harold S.
Lambard, Amherst, Wis., severe contusion in
back of head; James T. Boole, Richmond,
Ind., very severe contusion of left side of head
and ear; Bob Holgren, road foreman of engines,
hand scalded and bruised on right leg.
Among the dead, who all lived in
Richmond, Mr. Reeves was head of the
being heir to a million dollars, invested
in Cincinnati real estate and banking
property, and also in New York, Chi-
cago and Richmond. He was on his way
home from his farm, forty miles from
Chicago, when the train went over. He
was a rising young millionaire and cap-
italist, being one of the Pan-Handle
syndicate interested in Elwood (Ind.)
property. Case was one of the oldest
conductors on the road. Among the
wounded Mrs. George McGraw, also of
Richmond, it is thought will die. Henry
C. Fox, a prominent Richmond attor-
ney, is in a critical condition.
The scenes about the wreck were
most heartrending, the cries of the un-
fortunate victims mingling with the
shouts of the rescuers who were quick-
ly at hand and did heroic work. As fast
as the injured were taken from the
wreck they were taken to houses near
at hand, where every attention was
given them until arrangements could
be made for their removal to St. Steph-
en's hospital at Richmond.

LOOK OUT!

FOR OUR

Offers Next Week,

IN THIS COLUMN ON

Forest Park,

Glen-Etta.

Riverview,

Riverside

Spring Brook.

Yours very truly,

Geo. L. & Sarah H.

CARRINGTON,

On the Bridge,

DEMOCRATS IN CONTROL.

That Party Has Full Charge Now of All
the Branches of the Michigan State Gov-
ernment.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 26.—The two
republican senators unelected Tuesday
were replaced by two democrats and
the senate now has an even working
democratic majority. There was
some squabbling over the seating
of the contesting members Wednes-
day. The republicans charged the
democrats with breach of faith.
Mr. Wisner (dem.), it is said, having
promised that there would be no action
on the contested election cases until
both sides were fully represented. The
democrats now control all the branches
of the state government. The redist-
ricting bill will now be pushed through.
Under it the state is entitled to twelve
congressional districts. The redistric-
ting bill makes the First, Second, Fifth,
Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Tenth
solidly democratic, and the Third,
Fourth, Eleventh and Twelfth republi-
can, with the Ninth in doubt. It is
also proposed to pass Judge Miner's
bill providing that the presidential
electors shall be elected by congress-
ional districts, thus breaking Michi-
gan's solid republican front on pre-
sidential years.

The day was one of great confusion
in both branches. The house has
eclipsed all former ones in the intro-
duction of bills, reaching the number of
983 bills and 32 joint resolutions, and
all hope of a short session is abandoned.
The number of bills introduced in the
senate is 335 and 10 joint resolutions.
The majority report of the Coldwater
school committee was made to the
house Wednesday. The report says
that the general management of the
school is above criticism, but there
have been a number of cases of
gross carelessness in send-
ing out children. In this re-
spect both Superintendent Newkirk and
the board of control have been derelict
in their duty. "Had Newkirk observed
the plain requirements of the law
Nellie Griffin would not have
met her fate. The committee be-
lieves that for the negligent man-
agement in this respect the members
of the board of control should be censured
and Supt. Newkirk for his gross care-
lessness be removed. The report will
be taken up and Newkirk re-
moved with the legislature's recom-
mendation.

ILLINOIS.

Speaker Crafts Requested to Appoint the
House Committee—Work of the Session.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 26.—A com-
mittee of republican representatives
waited on Speaker Crafts, of the house,
and requested him to immediately ap-
point the committees of the house, that
legislation might no longer remain at a
standstill. He replied that he would
do so as soon as possible. He was
shown that a majority of the repre-
sentatives demanded it.
In the house the resolution offered by
Mr. McCrone providing that February
12 of each year shall be observed in the
public schools as "Lincoln's day" was
adopted. Mr. Parson's bill providing
for the election of a primary election
law; to appropriate \$2,500 for the erec-
tion of a monument on the battlefield
of Stillman's Run, to commemorate the
memory of those who fell there in the
Blackhawk war; for the appointment
of a state pension agent, who shall re-
ceive a salary of \$2,000 a year and shall
attend to all pension claims free of
charge to the applicants. This will do
away with the business of the pension
attorneys.

In the senate bills were introduced
as follows: Amending the chattel
mortgage law of 1889 by providing that
the law shall not apply to mortgages
given for purchase money; making the
usual appropriation, \$21,000, for the il-
linois university at Normal; giving courts
jurisdiction of destitute children under
7 years of age, for the purpose of plac-
ing them in founding asylums; to al-
low the issuance of "standard policies"
by fire insurance companies of this
State. The house joint resolution for
the enforcement of the eight-hour law
and alien labor on the world's fair con-
tracts was referred to the committee on
the World's Columbian exposition.

THE SILVER POOL.

The House Committee's Report Excor-
iates Everybody.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The silver
pool investigating committee made its
report to the house Wednesday evening.
The report, which is unanimous, gives
the history of the investigation, allud-
ing to the more important testimony,
but not reviewing it in detail. It dis-
cusses the testimony of Mr. Owenby as
the product of a "romancer,"
whose imagination is not re-
strained by the limitations of truth.
No evidence, says the report, has
been obtained to support Owenby's
original charge that there was a silver
pool or organization of silver specu-
lators who had made large purchases of
silver bullion and was exerting its com-
bined influence to bring about legisla-
tion which would cause an advance of
silver, and thereby bring large profits
to the manipulators. It continues:
"There is no evidence that any pool, com-
bination, syndicate or individual speculator
furnished money to enable mem-
bers of congress to invest in silver, or carry
silver with the understanding that such mem-
bers of congress were to have the profits, or
that any senator or representative was in-
terested in any silver pool or syndicate,
or was directly or indirectly interested
in silver bullion, or was directly or indirectly
interested in silver speculation, or in the
silver legislation of the first session of the
present congress, except that referring to Sen-
ator Cameron."

Three Buried by a Snowslide.

BAKER CITY, Ore., Feb. 26.—An im-
mense snowslide demolished the quar-
ters mill of the Red Jacket mine Monday.
Hugh Curran, foreman; H. Holsten,
watchman, and Jules N. Olsen, board-
ing-house keeper, were buried.

Funerals Formally Elects.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 26.—Gen. da Fonse-
ca, who was chosen provisional pre-
sident of Brazil at the time of the over-
throw of the empire, has been formally
elected president of the republic.

FIRE COSTS \$500,000.

A Big Blaze at Minneapolis
To-Day.

LIVES LOST IN CALIFORNIA'S FLOOD.

A Cyclone Does a Great Deal of Damage
in Indiana—A Blizzard Raging in
Kansas—Settlers Likely to
Suffer Very Much.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 26.—The
lumber exchange, the Edison building
and adjoining buildings, were burned
out early this morning. The loss is es-
timated at over \$500,000.

VICTIMS OF THE FLOOD.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 26.—Up to
the present reports show that at least
six persons lost their lives in the floods.
The family of Charles Watts are also
missing from near Downey and prob-
ably supposed to have been drowned. A
family of three were drowned at
Duart and the bodies of two Mexi-
cans were found in the same
neighborhood. S. Laurens was drowned
at Wilmington, near San Pedro,
while trying to rescue some cattle. The
worst effects of the floods are prob-
ably felt at Downey and vicinity. The old
and new San Gabriel rivers broke from
their banks, ran together and made a
great inland sea 6 to 10 miles wide
and 17 miles long. Many houses
were swept away and a number of
families occupying the territory inun-
dated have not been heard of since.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—The latest
reports show that the storm is about
over. Serious damage has been done
to railway property, especially in the
southern portion of the state. On the
Yuma division eight spans of the big
bridge were destroyed and the track is
6 feet out of line in many places.
The bridge near Monte was also swept
away. Three washouts of a serious
nature have occurred between Pomona
and Cuyamunga and east of Colton.

YUMA, A. T., Feb. 26.—The Gila and
Colorado rivers continue to rise. High
embankments have been thrown up to
protect property. Yuma is in great
danger. There is no immediate pros-
pect for railroad communication.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26.—Since 10 o'clock
Wednesday forenoon the river here
has been stationary at 57 feet and 4
inches, with occasional fluctuations of
half an inch. The weather is clear and
is growing colder.

CYCLOPE AT UTICA, IND.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 26.—A
tornado passed over this city Tuesday
night, but the only damage done was
the destruction of the 75-foot bell
tower at Howard's ship yards. Two
miles north of the city Yachem
Willinger's fertilizer factory was
demolished. At Utica Dr. Jacob
Bremer's two story brick dwell-
ing was blown down, his stables
were wrecked and many cattle were
killed. The house of Postmaster J. R.
Johnson was badly damaged, the in-
mates narrowly escaping death. The
blacksmith-shop and the house of John
Hazardus collapsed. The town hall was
blown from its foundation and a 100-
foot flag pole was driven into the
house of Mrs. Susan Strye. Among other
buildings damaged were those of Val-
entine Brindle, Frank Morrison, Frank
Brindle, Ransom Carlin and William
Marshall. The sawmill of John Gunter
was unroofed.

A BLIZZARD RAGING.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 26.—Prob-
ably what will prove to be the severest
blizzard of the season is raging in Kan-
sas. It commenced late Wednesday
afternoon, when the cold wave became
identified. The thermometer dropped
to 10 degrees above zero and
a high wind came up from the north-
west. At 7 o'clock it began to snow
and the storm developed into a blinding
blizzard. Dispatches from southern
Kansas state that "a norther" is raging
in the Cherokee strip and that intense
freezing will be experienced by the
foolhardy boomers, who not only
have invaded the strip contrary
to law but went into the barren
country wholly unprepared for any
emergency such as the present. There
are fully 3,000 boomers in the strip and
they are equipped with "measles"
comforts afforded in the furniture of a
"prairie schooner." Most of them are
scantly provisioned, and with only
wagon-covers for shelter they will en-
dure great suffering.

PATRIOTS ADJOURN.

The Council of National Americans, Held
in Chicago, Completes Its Work.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—The council of Na-
tional Americans, which convened
Monday morning, closed its session
with a meeting of the national com-
mittee at the Grand Pacific at 10:30 o'clock
a. m. The council was made up of rep-
resentatives from the following orga-
nizations:

Sons of the American Revolution, Sons of
Liberty, Loyal American, committees of
100 from Boston, Chicago and Phila-
delphia. Patriotic Order Sons of Amer-
ica, Order of United American Mechanics,
American Legion, American Association
patriotic league, Red, White, and Blue,
American protective association, the British
American league, the Loyal women of Amer-
ica liberty, the Ladies' loyal orange associa-
tion, and other patriotic orders.

In all about 1,500,000 voters were
represented by the council, located in
twenty-five states of the union. The
object of the present session has
been to organize the purely American
patriotic orders of this country
into one body the better to secure co-
operation in favor of American institu-
tions. The object was accomplished
and for the ensuing year the officers
were: President, Col. G. G. Mines,
of the Loyal Americans, this city; vice
president, G. H. Bartlett, of Massachu-
setts; secretary, James S. Reynolds,
of Illinois; treasurer, W. J. H.
Trainer, of Michigan. A platform
was framed and adopted which
declares in favor of the union, a
free press, the restriction of foreign
immigration, an educational franchise
free common schools, no appropriations
from the national treasury for sec-
tarian purposes, and in favor of giving
public land to actual citizens and ben-
eficial settlers only.

London Lumbermen Fall.

LONDON, Feb. 26.—The failure of
Frier, Wotton & Co., timber merchants
at 77 Grace Church street, E. C., is an-
nounced. Their liabilities are estimated
at £23,000.

Dr. James Corrie, dentist, in Balto-
more, writes: "I have used Dr. Bull-
Clog's Syrup personally and in my fam-
ily for two or three years, and I am pre-
pared to say that there is nothing to
compare to it for a remedy for cough,
cold, &c." 25c.

THE GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily edition, one year, \$5.00
Part of year, pro rata.
Weekly edition, one year, \$1.50
SPECIAL ADVERTISING NOTICE.
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.
We publish free, marriage, death and obituary notices, without charge; also notices of church and society meetings.
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainment given for revenue.
THE GAZETTE
Is the best advertising medium in southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. Prices for local or display advertising cheerfully furnished on application.
GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

1294—Coronation of Henry IV at Chartres.
1500—Treaty for German union concluded between Austria, Bavaria, Saxony and Württemberg.
1862—Fleets sailed in the French Republic.
1863—Convention in which Prince Napoleon took part.
1863—Convention regulating the French and Spanish frontiers concluded.
1867—The queen, Prince and Princess of Wales and court and parliament went to St. Pauli; national thanksgiving for recovery of the Prince of Wales.
1874—A person calling himself Comte Albert de Bourbon claimed to be son of Louis XVII; his claims rejected.
1879—Prince Louis Napoleon joined British reinforcements going to Zululand as a volunteer; killed June 1.
1880—Coal mine explosion at Leoben, in Styria; 150 persons killed.
1889—10 killed in railroad accident at St. George.
1890—Further investigation of overcharging in the Kings county clerks' office, N. Y., revealed systematic swindling.

GIVEN BIBLES AND RUM.

A vigorous appeal against the exportation of alcoholic liquors to Africa is made by the W. O. T. U. It is that the United States join with other nations to a treaty that will lead to the total prohibition of such traffic. The appeal is one to which congress and the president may well listen. Africa is known as the Dark Continent, but it is American commerce that sends to this benighted land a curse beside which human slavery is a blessing.

In Northern Africa, Mohammedanism is to some extent, a check to the evils attendant upon the drink traffic, but even Mohammedanism cannot withstand the wrongs introduced by christian civilization. The dark races, by universal testimony, demoralized more rapidly and more hopelessly degraded by the habit of drink than European nations, and the utter extermination of natives must eventually follow the introduction of intoxicants among them.

In Southern Africa, where not even Mohammedanism exists to protect the people, the Hotentots and the Kaffirs, who were once strong and flourishing peoples, are being degraded and debauched by the introduction of gin, rum and brandy. Traders give in return for cattle and the products of the country, the vilest, most poisonous brandy that can be produced.

In western Africa the figures themselves are appalling. In 1884 5 Great Britain sent to the west coast of Africa 602,328 gallons of intoxicating liquors. America sent 921,412 gallons. Germany sent enough more to make 8,000,000 gallons. The same vessel that carries one missionary to Africa, carries also 100,000 gallons of New England rum. It is stated that millions of gallons of spirits were imported in one year into the single district of Sierra Leone. There is little wonder in view of these facts that christian nations view with shame the work they have done.

WORRIED ABOUT CANADA.

English statesmen are watching with a great deal of interest, not unmixed with anxiety, the course of events in Canada. When recently a motion was made in the house of commons, instructing the government to summon the colonies to send a representative to a council to be held in London to consider the formation of a Zollverein or customs union, embracing Great Britain and all her colonies, the author of the motion acknowledged that his action was inspired by the alarming growth of a sentiment in Canada favorable to a commercial union with the United States and he urged, as the best way to counteract that sentiment, the organization of a commercial federation between England and the British colonies. The motion was the source of an animated debate during which Mr. Goschen, the chancellor of the exchequer, warned the colonists that England would not consent to the imposition of a duty on grain, a concession especially desired by the wheat raisers of the dominion, but he conceded that England must be prepared for some fiscal changes in the interest of closer union with the colonies.

Neal Dow is again urging the legislature of Maine to amend the prohibitory law of that state so as to make it effective in stopping the sale of liquors. This has been a regular demand of Mr. Dow at every session of the legislature for a great many years, and although the law has a number of times been amended it has persistently failed to stop liquor selling. Therefore Dow renews his appeal, and whatever the answer, it can be predicted with absolute certainty that if he is alive two years hence he will still be asking the legislature to do something to make the law effective, because the sale of liquors in Maine will go on just as it has done ever since the prohibitory law was adopted. Neal Dow's regular oil upon the legislature in this matter is as good evidence as could be asked of the failure of prohibition in Maine.

The opposition of the democratic minority in congress to the bill for the relief of the supreme court was inspired by disgraced partisanship. The necessity for some measure of relief was not disputed. The peanut statesmen fought the bill because it would give the president a few more appointments. In other words, they sought in vain to trade the judicial interests of the country for political spoils.

As the orb of day comes up nearer to the north pole Professor John L. Sullivan moves southward toward the equator. There is nothing startling in this astronomical fact save the possibility of his crossing the orbit of Sam Jones at a point favorable for conjunction. Professor Sullivan in perihelion with Sam Jones, after the comments made by the platypus evangelist, would result in the flying of fur and feathers.

The Prince of Wales the other day presented a costly snuff box to a favorite actor. The jeweler gets no credit and only has the satisfaction of keeping the royal name on his dead beat list. The prince does not even find it necessary to go up back streets to avoid his creditors, but may do so the maternal parent when he is exposed in a gambling scandal.

One of the notable changes of the past few years is in the development of the dressed beef business and falling off of the live stock transit to the east. As one instance, the receipts at Albany ten years ago were 30,000 cars, and the advantage in this of the industry connected with the translocation of the live animals into dressed beef.

It seems that there is a farmers' alliance in Germany. Just now it is up in arms against the proposed reduction of the tariff on corn. It demands the continuance of a high protective duty to prevent the absorption of the market by the Austrians.

Zola thinks Americans may some time become respectable. They will have to quit reading Zola's stories first.

SOME WELL KNOWN FACES.

A Catholic Prelate.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN.
Patrick John Ryan, whose administration as archbishop has given him a world wide fame, was born in Clonagh, Ireland, Feb. 20, 1831, was educated at Thurles and Dublin and ordained in 1855. The same year he emigrated to St. Louis, where he finished his studies in the Carondelet seminary, and was raised to the priesthood in 1854. In 1873 he was made vicar general, and was named as "Bishop of Wisconsin," to assist Archbishop Kenrick. On June 8, 1884, he was made archbishop of Philadelphia.

WANT BARS PUT UP.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The House on Wednesday passed the Immigration bill. A resolution was adopted to begin the consideration of the shipping bill to-day, the previous question to be ordered at 5 p. m. on Friday. The house then went into committee of the whole on the agricultural appropriation bill. After a long discussion and without disposing of the measure, the committee rose. Mr. Gibson (Md.) announced feelingly the death of Senator Wilson, of that state, and eulogized his life and character. In pursuance of a resolution unanimously adopted the speaker appointed the following committee to take action in regard to the funeral: Messrs. Gibson, McComas, Rusk, Stockbridge, Stump, Mudd, Stone (Me.), T. H. Brown and Abbott. The committee will report to-morrow.

The House passed a measure to restrict immigration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The House on Wednesday passed the Immigration bill. A resolution was adopted to begin the consideration of the shipping bill to-day, the previous question to be ordered at 5 p. m. on Friday. The house then went into committee of the whole on the agricultural appropriation bill. After a long discussion and without disposing of the measure, the committee rose. Mr. Gibson (Md.) announced feelingly the death of Senator Wilson, of that state, and eulogized his life and character. In pursuance of a resolution unanimously adopted the speaker appointed the following committee to take action in regard to the funeral: Messrs. Gibson, McComas, Rusk, Stockbridge, Stump, Mudd, Stone (Me.), T. H. Brown and Abbott. The committee will report to-morrow.

The Immigration bill passed by the house Wednesday is an important measure, and special efforts will be made to get it through the senate before the 4th of March. But that body has so much business to do within the few remaining days the chances of the bill are doubtful. Its main provisions are as follows:

It excludes from admission into this country all aliens who are or who are suspected to be likely to become a public charge, persons suffering from loathsome or dangerous contagious diseases, persons convicted of felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, polygamists, and any person whose passage is paid for with the money of another, or who is assisted by others to come unless it is affirmatively shown that such person does not belong to one of the foregoing excluded classes or to the class of contract laborers. But it is specially provided that persons living in the United States may assist friends or relatives who are not of the excluded classes. Persons convicted of political offense, whether such offense be a felony or not by the laws of their country, are not to be excluded from immigration. No suit for violation of the act prohibiting the importation of foreigners under contract is to be settled, compromised or discontinued without the consent of the court and a record of the reasons. To induce immigration by advertisement of any kind in foreign countries is prohibited except when the destination of every alien to be imported is ascertained, and any alien coming into this country in consequence of such advertisement is to be deemed a contract laborer. Steamship, vessel and transportation companies are prohibited from inducing or encouraging immigration, directly or indirectly, except by order of the court. Commercial letters or advertisements stating the sailings of their vessels and terms and facilities of transportation. A fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year is prescribed for bringing or aiding in bringing into this country any alien excluded by law. The office of superintendent of immigration is created with a salary of \$10,000, to be connected with the treasury department and controlled by the secretary of the treasury. The superintendent is to have his office in Washington, and a chief clerk at \$2,000 and two first-class clerks. The captains and agents of steam vessels are prohibited from carrying on board any alien unless the name, nationality, last residence, and the destination of every alien to be imported are ascertained, and the proper inspection officers. Provision is made for inspection and medical examination of immigrants entering this country, and for the administration of oaths and taking testimony touching the right of an alien to land. The decisions of inspectors are final, unless reversed by the superintendent of immigration or secretary of the treasury on appeal. A fine of \$1,000 or less, or imprisonment for one year, is fixed for violation of the law by any person who knowingly brings an alien into this country in violation of law or to be sent back at once at the expense of the owners of the vessel upon which they arrived. Any such vessel upon which they arrived, shall be deemed to have come in violation of law and shall be forfeited. The bill contains a section relating to the removal of aliens who are persons belonging to recognized denominations, and professors of colleges and seminaries from exclusion under the act against immigration under contract.

IF YOU HAVE SOMETHING THE PEOPLE NEED TELL THEM ABOUT IT THROUGH THE GAZETTE. YOU CAN'T FIND A MORE SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaho, writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "I feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't know whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite, and felt just like he had a new life." Only 50 cents a bottle, at F. Sherer & Co's drugstore.

THE DEAD SENATOR.

Arrangements for the funeral of the late Senator Wilson, of Maryland—Action of the Senate.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Final arrangements for the funeral of Senator Wilson have been made, and it was decided that brief services will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at the Hamilton house, where he died, by Rev. Dr. Bartlett, pastor of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. Dr. Butler, chaplain of the senate. The remains will then be taken to the Pennsylvania railroad station by a detachment of police and leave on the 11 o'clock train for Baltimore, whence they will go to Snow Hill, arriving there in the afternoon. The burial will take place Friday morning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Senator Gorman (Md.) announced the death of his colleague in the senate as soon as the journal was read and offered resolutions expressing the great sorrow with which the senate had heard of the death of Senator Wilson; directing the appointment of a committee on the part of the senate for superintending his funeral; directing the removal of the remains to Maryland in charge of the sergeant-at-arms and attended by the committee and ordering that a communication be sent to the house of representatives with an invitation to attend the funeral and appoint a committee to act with a committee of the senate. The resolutions were agreed to unanimously, and Senators Gorman, Gray (Del.), Jones (Ark.), Pasco (Fla.), Faulkner (W. Va.), Spooner (Wis.), Wilson (Ida.) and Mitchell (Ore.) were appointed the committee on the part of the senate. The senate then, at 11:30, as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 26.—Gov. Jackson will not delay the appointment of a United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Wilson. The governor will appoint a senator to fill the vacancy until the legislature meets. President Robert B. Brattan, of the state senate, a leading lawyer, will probably be the man. The governor is friendly to Brattan. Other aspirants for the honor are United States Senators Whyte and Groom, ex-Gov. Lloyd, Congressman Gibson, Judge John M. Robinson, Thomas J. Keating and Congressman-elect Page, of Somerset county. It is reported that in view of the political situation in the senate Senator Gorman will ask the governor to immediately appoint a senator.

THE INSPECTOR HONORED.

Inspector Byrnes Invested with the Order of Knighthood by the King of Italy.
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The king of Italy has conferred the order of knighthood on Police Inspector Thomas F. Byrnes. The parchment conferring the order and the large gold cross have been received by the Italian consul in this city and will be bestowed on the inspector in a few days. This recognition is attributed to the fact that the inspector has assisted many Italians in this city and has also rendered valuable services to the Italian government by arresting brigands who had escaped from Italy after the commission of serious crimes.

Secretary Foster Qualifies.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Mr. Foster, the newly-appointed secretary of the treasury, arrived last evening. After resting for a short time he called on the president, and while at the white house he took the oath of office. The oath was administered to him by Col. Crook, one of the executive clerks. Gov. Foster will assume the duties of his new office to-day.

THE MARKETS.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.
CHICAGO, Feb. 26.
FLOUR—Quiet and steady. Spring wheat patent, \$3.00; 75; Winter wheat patent, \$3.00; 75; Wheat flour patent, \$3.00; 75; Wheat flour, \$3.00; 75; Corn—Ruled firmer early and then weaker. No. 2 cash, 93¢; 94¢; May, 94¢; 97¢; 4c. Corn—Fairly active and stronger. No. 2 and No. 2 Yellow, 54¢; May, 55¢; 56¢; July, 54¢ 4c. Oats—Higher. No. 2, 42¢; 43¢; May, 43¢; 44¢; 4c. June, 43¢; 44¢; July, 43¢; 44¢; 4c. Barley—Higher. No. 2, 44¢; 45¢; May, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. June, 44¢; 45¢; July, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. Rye—Steady. No. 2, 44¢; 45¢; May, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. June, 44¢; 45¢; July, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. Pork—Ruled firmer early and then weaker. No. 2 cash, 93¢; 94¢; May, 94¢; 97¢; 4c. Corn—Fairly active and stronger. No. 2 and No. 2 Yellow, 54¢; May, 55¢; 56¢; July, 54¢ 4c. Oats—Higher. No. 2, 42¢; 43¢; May, 43¢; 44¢; 4c. June, 43¢; 44¢; July, 43¢; 44¢; 4c. Barley—Higher. No. 2, 44¢; 45¢; May, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. June, 44¢; 45¢; July, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. Rye—Steady. No. 2, 44¢; 45¢; May, 44¢; 45¢; 4c. 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